UNITED STATES	S DISTRICT COURT				
CENTRAL DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA				
PLAINTIFF'S NAME,	Case No.:				
Plaintiff/s,					
v.	ORDER SETTING RULE 26(f) SCHEDULING CONFERENCE				
DEFENDANT'S NAME,	Date:				
Defendant/s.	Time:				
	Courtroom: 10D				
	-				
PLEASE READ THIS ORDER (	CAREFULLY. IT GOVERNS THIS				
CASE AND DIFFERS IN SOME RES	PECTS FROM THE LOCAL RULES.				
This case has been assigned to Judge Fred W. Slaughter. This matter is set for a					
Scheduling Conference on the above date in Courtroom 10D of the Ronald Reagan					
Federal Building and United States Courthouse, 411 West 4th Street, Santa Ana,					
California 92701. If Plaintiff has not already served the operative complaint on all					
	PLAINTIFF'S NAME, Plaintiff's, v.  PLEASE READ THIS ORDER OF CASE AND DIFFERS IN SOME REST. This case has been assigned to Judge Scheduling Conference on the above date. Federal Building and United States Court				

(3) days thereafter. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 4; L.R. 4. Defendants shall also timely file and serve their responsive pleadings and file proofs of service within three (3) days thereafter, in compliance with the requirements of Local Rule 5-3.2. At the Scheduling Conference, the court will dismiss all remaining fictitiously named Defendants. The court will also set a date by which motions to amend the pleadings or add parties must be heard.

The Scheduling Conference will be held pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b). The parties are reminded of their obligations under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) to confer on a discovery plan no later than twenty-one (21) days before the Scheduling Conference. The court encourages counsel to agree to begin to conduct discovery actively *before* the Scheduling Conference. At the very least, the parties shall comply fully with the letter and spirit of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a) and thereby obtain and produce most of what would be produced in the early stages of discovery, because at the Scheduling Conference the court will impose strict deadlines to complete discovery.

This court does not exempt parties appearing pro se from compliance with any of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or the Central District of California's Local Rules, including Local Rule 16. *See* L. R. 1-3, 83-2.2.3. "Counsel," as used in this Order, includes parties appearing pro se.

## I. Joint Rule 26(f) Report

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report must be filed no later than seven (7) days after the parties meet and confer and fourteen (14) days before the Scheduling Conference.

The court discourages the submission of courtesy chambers copies of Joint Rule 26(f) Reports that have been electronically filed.

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall be drafted by Plaintiff's counsel or, if the parties otherwise agree, by Defendant's counsel. If the Plaintiff is appearing pro se, the Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall be drafted by Defendant's counsel unless Plaintiff prefers to do so. In all circumstances, the Joint Rule 26(f) Report must be signed

jointly. "Jointly" means a single report, regardless of how many separately represented parties are involved in the case. The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall specify the date of the Scheduling Conference on the caption page. The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall address the matters set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) and Local Rule 26, some of which are enumerated below, and shall also contain the following:

- **a. Statement of the Case**: A short statement by each party, not to exceed two (2) pages, setting forth that party's factual summary of the case, including the basis for any claims, counterclaims, or defenses.
- **b. Subject Matter Jurisdiction**: A statement of the specific basis for federal jurisdiction, including supplemental jurisdiction. If there is a federal question, cite the federal law under which the question arises.
- **c.** Legal Issues: A brief description of the key legal issues, including any unusual substantive, procedural, or evidentiary issues.
- d. Damages: The realistic range of provable damages.
- e. Parties and Evidence: A list of parties, percipient witnesses, and key documents with respect to the main issues in the case. For conflict purposes, corporate parties must identify all subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates. The parties should discuss the likelihood of appearance of additional parties, if any.
- **f. Insurance**: Whether there is insurance coverage, the extent of coverage, and whether there is a reservation of rights.
- **g. Manual for Complex Litigation**: Whether all or part of the procedures of the Manual for Complex Litigation should be utilized.
- h. Motions: A statement of the likelihood of motions seeking to add other parties or claims, file amended pleadings, transfer venue, or challenge the court's jurisdiction.

- i. **Dispositive Motions**: A description of the issues or claims any party believes may be determined by a motion to dismiss or motion for summary judgment. Please refer to the court's Standing Order for specific guidelines governing summary judgment motions.
- j. Status of Discovery: A discussion of the present state of discovery, including a summary of completed discovery, and any current or anticipated disputes.
- **k. Discovery Plan**: A detailed discovery plan, as contemplated by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f). State what, if any, changes in the disclosures under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a) should be made, the subjects on which discovery may be needed, whether discovery should be conducted in phases or otherwise be limited, whether applicable limitations should be changed or other limitations imposed, and whether the court should enter other orders. A statement that discovery will be conducted as to all claims and defenses or other vague description is not acceptable.
- l. Discovery Cut-off: A proposed discovery cut-off date. This means the final day for completion of discovery, including resolution of all discovery motions.
- **m.** Expert Discovery: Proposed dates for initial and rebuttal expert witness disclosures and expert discovery cut-off under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2).
- n. Settlement Conference and Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR"):

  A statement of what settlement negotiations have occurred, excluding any statement of the terms discussed. If a Notice to Parties of Court-Directed ADR Program (form ADR-08) was filed in this case, the court will refer it to the Magistrate Judge, the Court Mediation Panel, or private mediation at the parties' expense. The parties should indicate their

- preference in their Joint Rule 26(f) Report. No case will proceed to trial unless all parties, including an officer with full settlement authority for corporate parties, have appeared personally at an ADR proceeding.
- o. Trial Estimate: A realistic estimate, in days, of the court time required for trial and whether trial will be by jury or by the court. Each side should specify the number, and not the names, of witnesses it contemplates calling. If the time estimate for trial given in the Joint Rule 26(f) Report exceeds four (4) court days, counsel must be prepared to discuss in detail the basis for the estimate.
- **p.** Trial Counsel: The name(s) of counsel who will try the case.
- **q. Magistrate Judge**: Whether the parties agree to try the case before a Magistrate Judge. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 and General Order 05-07 (also referred to as General Order 194), the parties may consent to have a Magistrate Judge preside over all proceedings, including jury trials. The parties may choose any Magistrate Judge identified on the Central District's website. The consent form may also be found on the Central District's website.
- r. Independent Expert or Master: Whether the court should consider appointing a master pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 53 or an independent scientific expert at the parties' expense. The appointment of a master may be especially appropriate in cases where the parties anticipate substantial discovery disputes, numerous claims to be construed in connection with a motion for summary judgment, a lengthy *Daubert* hearing, or resolution of a difficult computation of damages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A list of magistrate judges in the Central District of California can be found at https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/judgesschedules-procedures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Statement of Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge (CV-11D) can be found at https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/forms/CV-011D/CV-11D.pdf.

**Schedule Worksheet**: The parties must make every effort to agree on all pretrial and trial dates. The parties must submit a completed copy of the attached Schedule of Pretrial and Trial Dates Worksheet ("Worksheet") with their Joint Rule 26(f) Report. The entries in the "Time Computation" column reflect what the court believes is appropriate for most cases and will allow the court to rule on potentially dispositive motions sufficiently in advance of the Final Pretrial Conference. However, the parties may propose earlier dates by which the key requirements must be completed. Each date should be stated as month, day, and year (e.g., 2/10/2022). Hearings shall be held on Thursdays starting at 10:00 a.m. Other deadlines not involving the court may be scheduled any day of the week. The parties must avoid holidays. The court may order different dates than those required. The discovery cutoff date is the last day by which all depositions must be completed, responses to previously served written discovery requests must be provided, and motions concerning discovery disputes must be heard, <u>not</u> filed. In other words, any motion challenging the adequacy of discovery responses must be filed timely, served, and calendared sufficiently in advance of the discovery cut-off date to permit the responses to be obtained before that date, if the motion is granted. If the parties wish the court to set dates in addition to those on the Worksheet, they may so request by a separate stipulation and proposed order. Additional hearings are often appropriate for class actions, patent cases, and cases for benefits under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

t. Class Actions: If the action is a putative class action, the parties are to provide a proposed briefing schedule for the motion for class certification. The schedule must provide for at least twenty-one (21) days between the filing of the reply and the hearing and should include a

discovery cut-off date in advance of the date on which the motion must be filed. The court expects the parties to act diligently and begin discovery immediately, because the motion must be filed no later than one-hundred-twenty (120) days from the date originally set for the Scheduling Conference, unless the court orders otherwise. In other words, a continuance of the date for the Scheduling Conference will not extend the time to file the motion for class certification.

u. Other Issues: A statement of any other issues affecting the status or management of the case, such as unusually complicated technical or technological issues, disputes over protective orders, extraordinarily voluminous document production, witnesses who will need the assistance of a court interpreter, reasonable ADA accommodations, discovery in foreign jurisdictions, the applicability of foreign law, the advanced age or health of parties or key witnesses, and any proposals concerning severance, bifurcation, or other ordering of proof.

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report should set forth the above-described information under section headings corresponding to those in this Order.

## II. Scheduling Conference

- **a. Continuance**: A request to continue the Scheduling Conference will be granted only for good cause. The parties should refer to the court's Standing Order for additional guidance regarding requests for continuance.
- **b. Vacating Scheduling Conference**: The court may vacate the Scheduling Conference and issue the Scheduling Order based solely on the parties' Joint Rule 26(f) Report pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b).

1	c. Participation: If the court elects to conduct a Scheduling Conference,						
2	lead trial counsel must attend unless excused by the court for good cause						
3	before the conference is scheduled to begin.						
4	d. Failure to Submit a Joint Rule 26(f) Report: The failure to submit a						
5	Joint Rule 26(f) Report in advance of the Scheduling Conference or the						
6	failure to attend the Scheduling Conference may result in dismissal of the						
7	action, striking of the answer and entry of default, and/or imposition of						
8	sanctions.						
9	III. Notice to Be Provided by Counsel						
10	Plaintiff's counsel or, if Plaintiff is appearing pro se, Defendant's counsel, shall						
11	provide this Order to any parties who first appear after the date of this Order and to						
12	parties who are known to exist but have not yet entered appearances.						
13	IV. <u>Disclosures to Clients</u>						
14	Counsel are ordered to deliver to their clients a copy of this Order.						
15	V. <u>Court's Website</u>						
16	This and all other generally applicable orders of this court are available on the						
17	Central District of California's website <sup>3</sup> and on Judge Slaughter's webpage. <sup>4</sup> The						
18	Local Rules are also available on the Central District of California's website. <sup>5</sup>						
19	The court thanks the parties and their counsel for their anticipated cooperation.						
20	IT IS SO ORDERED.						
21	Dated:						
22							
23	HONORABLE FRED W. SLAUGHTER UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE						
24	CIVILD STITLS DISTINCT VODGE						
25							
26	<sup>3</sup> The website for the Central District of California can be found at http://www.cacd.uscourts.gov.						
27	<sup>4</sup> Judge Slaughter's webpage can be found at https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-fred-w-						

slaughter.

<sup>5</sup> Copies of the Local Rules are available at https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/court-procedures/local-

## JUDGE FRED W. SLAUGHTER SCHEDULE OF PRETRIAL AND TRIAL DATES WORKSHEET

Please complete this worksheet jointly and file it with your Joint Rule 26(f) Report. The parties must make every effort to agree on dates or the court will set them.

Case No.	Case Name:				
Trial and Final Pretrial Conference Dates		Pl(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Def(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Court Order mm/dd/yyyy	
Check one: [ ] Jury Trial or [ ] Bench Trial  [Tuesday at 8:00 a.m., within 18 months after Complaint filed]  Estimated Duration: Days				[ ] Jury Trial [ ] Bench Trial Days	
Final Pretrial Conference ("FPTC") [L.R. 16], Hearing on Motions in Limine [Thursday at 8:30 a.m., at least 19 days before trial]		Limine			
Event <sup>1</sup> Note: Hearings shall be on Thursdays at 10:00 a.m. Other dates can be any day of the week.		Weeks Before FPTC	Pl(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Def(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Court Order mm/dd/yyyy
Last Date to <u>Hear</u> Motion to Amend Plead [ <u>Thursday</u> ]	dings /Add Parties				
Non-Expert Discovery Cut-Off (no later than deadline for filing disposi	tive motions)	26			
Expert Disclosure (Initial)		24			
Expert Disclosure (Rebuttal)		22			
Expert Discovery Cut-Off		202			
Last Date to <u>Hear</u> Motions [Thursday]  • Motion for Summary Judgment due at hearing  • All other motions due at least 4 weeks  • Opposition due 2 weeks after Motion i  • Reply due 1 week after Opposition is f	before hearing s filed	12			
Deadline to Complete Settlement Confere  Select one: [ ] 1. Magistrate Judge		10			[ ] 1. Magistrate [ ] 2. Panel [ ] 3. Private
Trial Filings (first round)  • Motions in Limine with Proposed Orde  • Memoranda of Contentions of Fact and  • Witness Lists [L.R. 16-5]  • Joint Exhibit List [L.R. 16-6.1]  • Joint Status Report Regarding Settleme  • Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclut (bench trial only)  • Declarations containing Direct Testime trial only)	d Law [L.R. 16-4] ent sions of Law [L.R. 52]	3			
Trial Filings (second round)  Oppositions to Motions in Limine Joint Proposed Final Pretrial Conferen Joint/Agreed Proposed Jury Instruction Disputed Proposed Jury Instructions (j Joint Proposed Verdict Forms (jury tri Joint Proposed Statement of the Case ( Proposed Additional Voir Dire Questic Evidentiary Objections to Declarations (bench trial only)	ns (jury trial only) ury trial only) al only) jury trial only) jury trial only) ons, if any (jury trial only)	2			

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The parties may seek dates for additional events by filing a separate Stipulation and Proposed Order. Class actions, patent, and ERISA cases may need to vary from the above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The parties may wish to consider cutting off expert discovery prior to the deadline for filing a motion for summary judgment.